Romans Bible Study Questions: Chapter 3

Jews were advantaged in one sense (v 1-4), and yet not “any better off” (v 9). How do these two statements hold together? What did the Law give to the Jews that the Gentile nations lacked?

What were some “slanderously” charging Paul with preaching (v 8)? On what basis would they have been making this false claim?

What is the function of the quotations from Psalm 14, 5, 140, 10, and 36 (v 10-18)? What connects these various quotations and the point being established?

Looking at v 19, how is it that the Law serves to show that the “whole world” is “accountable to God”?

3:21-26 is one of the New Testament’s clear statements of the gospel. What seems to be at the heart of this particular expression of the good news?

Paul concludes this section by the clear statement, “we uphold the law” (v 31). If “one is justified by faith apart from works of the law” (v 28), what does he mean that we do not overthrow the law?